

SAFETY DATA SHEET



Traffic, hardener

1. Identification of the substance/preparation and of the company/undertaking

Product Name and/or Code : Traffic, hardener
Manufacturer : BonaKemi Limited
1 Radian Court
Davy Avenue
Knowlhill
Milton Keynes
MK5 8PJ
England
Tel. 01908-399 740
Product Use : Hardener

2. Composition/information on ingredients

Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard within the meaning of the Dangerous Substances Directive 67/548/EEC.

Chemical name*	CAS No.	%	EC Number	Classification
Alifatic Polyisocyanate See Section 16 for the full text of the R Phrases declared above		50-75		R43

* Occupational Exposure Limit(s), if available, are listed in section 8

3. Hazards identification

The preparation is classified as dangerous according to Directive 1999/45/EC and its amendments.

Classification : R43

4. First aid measures

First-Aid measures

- General** : In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical attention. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
- Inhalation** : Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if irregular breathing, or respiratory arrest occurs provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Give nothing by mouth. If unconscious, place in recovery position and seek medical advice.
- Skin Contact** : Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
- Eye Contact** : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with running water for at least 15 minutes, keeping eyelids open.
- Ingestion** : If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do not induce vomiting.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing Media : Recommended: alcohol resistant foam, CO₂, powders, water spray/mist.
Not to be used : waterjet.

Recommendations : Fire will produce dense black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Appropriate breathing apparatus may be required. Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water. Do not release runoff from fire to sewers or waterways.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions : Exclude sources of ignition and ventilate the area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Spill : Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible absorbent materials, e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite, diatomaceous earth, and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see section 13). Place in a suitable container. The contaminated area should be cleansed immediately with a suitable decontaminant. One possible (flammable) decontaminant comprises (by volume) : water (45 parts), ethanol or isopropyl alcohol (50 parts), concentrated (d : 0,880) ammonia solution (5 parts). A nonflammable alternate is sodium carbonate (5 parts), water (95 parts). Add the same decontaminant to the remnants and let stand for several days until no further reaction in unsealed container. Once this stage is reached, close container and dispose of according to local regulations (see section 13). Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. If the product contaminates lakes, rivers, or sewers, inform the appropriate authorities in accordance with local regulations.

Note: See section 8 for personal protective equipment and section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Persons with a history of asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this preparation is used.

Examination of lung function should be carried out on a regular basis on persons spraying this preparation.

Handling : Vapors are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Prevent the creation of flammable or explosive concentrations of vapors in air and avoid vapor concentrations higher than the occupational exposure limits.

In addition, the product should be used only in areas from which all naked lights and other sources of ignition have been excluded. Electrical equipment should be protected to the appropriate standard.

To dissipate static electricity during transfer, ground drum and connect to receiving container with bonding strap. Operators should wear antistatic footwear and clothing and floors should be of the conducting type.

Keep container tightly closed. Precautions should be taken to minimize exposure to atmospheric humidity or water: CO₂ will be formed, which, in closed containers, could result in pressurization. Care should be taken when re-opening partly used containers. Keep away from heat, sparks and flame. No sparking tools should be used.

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid the inhalation of dust, particulates and spray mist arising from the application of this preparation. Avoid inhalation of dust from sanding.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in area where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking.

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Never use pressure to empty: container is not a pressure vessel. Always keep in containers made from the same material as the original one.

Comply with the health and safety at work laws.

Storage : Store in accordance with local regulations. Observe label precautions. Store in a cool, well-ventilated area away from incompatible materials and ignition sources. Keep away from heat and direct sunlight.

Keep away from: OXIDIZING AGENTS, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols, water.
No smoking. Prevent unauthorized access. Containers that are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.
Do not empty into drains..

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Persons with a history of asthma, allergies, chronic or recurrent respiratory disease should not be employed in any process in which this preparation is used.

Examination of lung function should be carried out on a regular basis on persons spraying this preparation.

Engineering measures : Provide adequate ventilation. Where reasonably practicable, this should be achieved by the use of local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction. Air-fed protective respiratory equipment must be worn by the spray operator, even when good ventilation is provided. In other operations, if local exhaust ventilation and good general extraction are not sufficient to maintain concentrations of particulates and solvent vapors below the OEL, suitable respiratory protection must be worn. (See Personal Protection.)

Occupational Exposure Limits : Not available.

Personal protective equipment

Traffic, hardener

- Respiratory system** : By spraying: air-fed respirator.
By other operations than spraying: In well ventilated areas, air-fed respirators could be replaced by a combination charcoal filter and particulate filter mask.
- Skin and body** : Personnel should wear antistatic clothing made of natural fibers or of high-temperature-resistant synthetic fibers.
- Hands** : For prolonged or repeated handling, use gloves: nitrile.
- Barrier creams may help to protect the exposed areas of the skin, but should not be applied once exposure has occurred.
- Eyes** : Use safety eyewear designed to protect against splash of liquids.

Environmental exposure control

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

9. Physical and chemical properties

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Odor** : Sweetish. (Slight.)
- Color** : Colorless.
- Flash point** :
- pH** : Not applicable.
- Specific gravity** : 1.09 (Water = 1)
- Solubility** : Insoluble in cold water, hot water.

10. Stability and reactivity

Stable under recommended storage and handling conditions (see section 7).

Hazardous decomposition products: smoke, carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, oxides of nitrogen, hydrogen cyanide.

Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: OXIDIZING AGENTS, strong alkalis, strong acids, amines, alcohols, water.

Uncontrolled exothermic reactions occur with amines and alcohols.

The product reacts slowly with water, resulting in the production of carbon dioxide. In closed containers, pressure buildup could result in distortion, expansion and, in extreme cases, bursting of the container.

11. Toxicological information

Based on the properties of the isocyanate components and considering toxicological data on similar preparations, this preparation may cause acute irritation and/or sensitization of the respiratory system, leading to an asthmatic condition, wheezing and tightness of the chest. Sensitized persons may subsequently show asthmatic symptoms when exposed to atmospheric concentrations well below the OEL Repeated exposure may lead to permanent respiratory disability.

Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headaches, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness.

Repeated or prolonged contact with the preparation may cause removal of natural fat from the skin, resulting in non-allergic contact dermatitis and absorption through the skin. Repeated or prolonged contact with irritants may cause dermatitis. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage.

Contains (Alifatic Polyisocyanate). May produce an allergic reaction.

12. Ecological information

There is no data available on the preparation itself.
Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses.

The preparation has been assessed following the conventional method of the Dangerous Preparations Directive 1999/45/EC and is not classified as dangerous for the environment.

13. Disposal considerations

Do not allow to enter drains or watercourses. Residues in empty containers should be neutralized with a decontaminant (see section 6).

Dispose of according to all federal, state and local applicable regulations.

European Waste Catalogue (EWC) : 080111

Hazardous Waste : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste

14. Transport information

Land - Road/Railway

UN number : Not regulated.

Sea

UN number : Not regulated.

Marine Pollutant : No.

Air

UN number : Not regulated.

Inland waterways

UN number : Not regulated.

15. Regulatory information

EU Regulations : The product is labelled as follows, in accordance with local regulations:

Hazard symbol(s) :



Irritant

Risk Phrases : R43- May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Safety Phrases : S2- Keep out of the reach of children.

S24- Avoid contact with skin.

S37- Wear suitable gloves.

S46- If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label.

Contains : Alifatic Polyisocyanate

EC Statistical Classification (Tariff Code) : 32089091

National regulations

16. Other information

CEPE Classification : 5

Full text of R phrases referred to in Sections 2 and 3 - United Kingdom (UK) : R43- May cause sensitization by skin contact.

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Notice to Reader

The information in this SDS is based on the present state of our knowledge and on current laws. The product is not to be used for purposes other than those specified under section 1 without first obtaining written handling instructions. It always is the responsibility of the user to take all necessary steps to fulfill the demands set out in the local rules and legislation. The information in this SDS is meant as a description of the safety requirements of our product: it is not to be considered a guarantee of the product's properties.